

兔抗 PRKAA2 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 PRKAA2 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-PRKAA2 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名: AMPK; AMPK2; PRKAA; AMPKa2

相关类别: 一抗

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃)

抗 原: PRKAA2

宿 主: Rabbit

反应种属: Human, Mouse, Rat

标 记 物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

non-catalytic beta and gamma subunits. AMPK is an imp ortant energy-sensing enzyme that monitors cellular ener gy status. In response to cellular metabolic stresses, AM PK is activated, and thus phosphorylates and inactivates acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) and beta-hydroxy beta-met hylglutaryl-CoA reductase (HMGCR), key enzymes involve d in regulating de novo biosynthesis of fatty acid and c

The protein encoded by this gene is a catalytic subunit of the AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK). AMPK is a heterotrimer consisting of an alpha catalytic subunit, and

holesterol. Studies of the mouse counterpart suggest tha t this catalytic subunit may control whole-body insulin s



	ensitivity and is necessary for maintaining myocardial en ergy homeostasis during ischemia.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	PRKAA2
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human PRKAA2
Full name:	protein kinase, AMP-activated, alpha 2 catalytic subunit
Synonyms:	AMPK; AMPK2; PRKAA; AMPKa2
SwissProt:	P54646
ELISA Recommended dilution:	2000-5000
IHC positive control:	Human liver cancer and human thyroid cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	25-100

